

DATA SHEET

WorkBeads affimAb GoBio prepacked columns

WorkBeads[™] affimAb resin is an alkali-stable resin designed for purification of monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies in laboratory to process scale. This resin has a superior basematrix in combination with an optimized alkali-stable protein A ligand. This results in high dynamic binding capacity also at short residence times, and stable capacity over multiple purification cycles with cleaning-in-place using 0.5 M NaOH. WorkBeads affimAb resin can also be used for purifications in other formats, such as batch and centrifugation purifications.

The resin is also available in several different ready-touse prepacked column sizes, such as GoBio[™] Mini 1 mL, GoBio Mini 5 mL, GoBio Screen 7x100 (3.8 mL), GoBio Prep 16x100 (20 mL), GoBio Prep 26x100 (53 mL) and GoBio Prod columns starting from 1 L.

- Top performance dynamic binding capacity also at short residence times
- Outstanding alkali stability with 0.5 M NaOH, extends the number of purification cycles
- Excellent purity, reproducibility and recovery at high sample loads.
- Negligible protein A leakage
- Prepacked GoBio columns for convenience and reproducibility

Resin description

WorkBeads are agarose based chromatographic resins manufactured by a proprietary method that results in porous beads with a tight size distribution and very high mechanical stability. Agarose based matrices have been successfully used for decades in biotechnology research from laboratory to production scale, due to their exceptional compatibility with biomolecules including proteins, peptides, nucleic acids and carbohydrates. WorkBeads resins are designed for separations requiring optimal capacity and purity.



The alkali-stable recombinant protein A attached to the optimized base matrix is produced in *E. coli* under conditions free of components of animal origin and purified to high purity before coupling. This combination gives both high dynamic binding capacities for antibodies and the possibility for efficient cleaning-in-place with 0.5 M NaOH.

The specificity of the recombinant protein A for the F_c region of IgG provides excellent purification. Each batch of protein A is tested according to stringent requirements.

The high capacity, chemical stability and the optimized agarose matrix make WorkBeads affimAb ideal for purification of monoclonal antibodies (mAb) as well as polyclonal antibodies.

The main characteristics of WorkBeads affimAb resin are shown in Table 1. For more details, please see instructions, IN 40 800 010. For the main characteristics of all different prepacked columns formats, see Tables 2 and 3. **Table 1.** Main characteristics of WorkBeads affimAb resin.

	WorkBeads affimAb	
Target substance	Antibodies (IgG), bound via the F_c -region	
Matrix	Rigid, highly cross-linked agarose	
Average particle size $(D_{V50})^1$	50 µm	
Ligand	Recombinant protein A expressed in E. coli using animal-free medium	
Dynamic binding capacity (DBC) ²	> 40 mg human lgG/mL resin	
Sample load	> 50% of DBC ³	
Maximum recommended flow rate ^{4,5}	300 cm/h	
Chemical stability	Compatible with all standard aqueous buffers used for protein purification and with 10 mM HCI (pH 2), 0.5 M NaOH (pH 12), 0.1 M sodium citrate buffer (pH 3), 6 M guanidine-HCI, and 20% ethanol. Should not be stored at low pH for prolonged time.	
pH stability	3 – 12	
Cleaning-in-place stability	Up to 0.5 M NaOH	
Storage	2 to 8 °C in 20 % ethanol	

¹ The median particle size of the cumulative volume distribution.

² DBC was determined at 10% breakthrough (Q_{B10%}) by frontal analysis with 1 mg/mL human polyclonal IgG in PBS, pH 7.4 at 1.4 mL/min (240 cm/h, 2.5 minutes residence time) in a column packed with WorkBeads affimAb, column bed 6.6 × 100 mm.

³ It is recommended to load 50-80% of resin's DBC to achieve maximum yield.

⁴ Maximum recommended flow rate at 20 °C using aqueous buffers. Decrease the maximum flow rate if the liquid has a higher viscosity. Higher viscosities can be caused by low temperature (use half of the maximum flow rate when operating at 4 °C), or by additives (e.g., use half of the maximum flow rate for 20% ethanol).

⁵ Maximum recommended flow rate determined in a 25 × 200 mm column.

GoBio prepacked column family

GoBio prepacked column family is developed for convenient, reproducible and fast results and includes columns with different sizes and formats.

GoBio Mini 1 mL and GoBio Mini 5 mL for small scale purification and screening using a shorter packed bed.

GoBio Screen 7x100 (3.8 mL) for reproducible process development including fast and easy optimization of methods and parameters.

GoBio Prep 16x100 (20 mL) and GoBio Prep 26x100 (53 mL) for lab-scale purifications and scaling up.

GoBio Prep 16x600 (120 mL) and GoBio Prep 26x600 (320 mL) for preparative lab-scale size exclusion chromatography.

GoBio Prod 80x200 (1 L), GoBio Prod 130x200 (2.7 L), GoBio Prod 200x200 (6 L), GoBio Prod 240x200

(9 L) and GoBio Prod 330x250 (21.4 L) for production-scale purifications.

 Table 2. Main characteristics of GoBio Mini, GoBio Screen and GoBio Prep columns.

	GoBio Mini 1 mL & 5 mL	GoBio Screen 7x100	GoBio Prep 16x100	GoBio Prep 26x100
Column hardware	Polypropylene	Acrylic	Acrylic	Acrylic
Top and bottom filters	Polyethylene	Polyamide	Polyamide	Polyamide
Top and bottom plugs	Polypropylene	Polypropylene	Polypropylene	Polypropylene
Connections	1/16" female (top) 1/16" male (bottom)	1/16" female (both ends)	1/16" female (both ends)	1/16" female (both ends)
Column volumes	1 mL 5 mL	3.8 mL	20 mL	53 mL
Column dimensions	7 × 28 mm (1 mL) 13 x38 mm (5 mL)	7 × 100 mm	16 × 100 mm	26 × 100 mm
Max. column hardware pressure ¹	0.3 MPa, 3 bar, 43 psi	5 bar, 0.5 MPa, 70 psi	5 bar, 0.5 MPa, 70 psi	5 bar, 0.5 MPa, 70 psi
Chemical stability	1 M NaOH, 30% isopropanol, 70% ethanol	1 M NaOH, 20% isopropanol, 20% ethanol	1 M NaOH, 20% isopropanol, 20% ethanol	1 M NaOH, 20% isopropanol, 20% ethanol

The maximum pressure the packed bed can withstand depends on the sample/liquid viscosity and chromatography resin characteristics. The pressure also depends on the tubing used to connect the column and the system restrictions after the column outlet.

Table 3. Main characteristics of and GoBio Prod columns.

	GoBio Prod 80x200, GoBio Prod 130x200, GoBio Prod 200x200, GoBio Prod 280x200, GoBio Prod 330x250
Column hardware	Acrylic
Top and bottom filters	Polyamide
Top and bottom plugs	Polypropylene
Connections	TC-connections
Column volumes	1L, 2.7 L, 6 L, 9 L, 21.4 L
Column dimensions	80 × 200 mm (1 L), 130 × 200 mm (2.7 L), 200 × 200 mm (6 L), 280 × 200 mm (9 L), 330 × 250 mm (21.4 L)
Max. column hardware pressure ¹	5 bar, 0.5 MPa, 70 psi
Chemical stability	1 M NaOH, 20% isopropanol, 20 % ethanol

The maximum pressure the packed bed can withstand depends on the sample/liquid viscosity and chromatography resin characteristics. The pressure also depends on the tubing used to connect the column and the system restrictions after the column outlet.

Applications

Principle

Affinity chromatography is a useful technique for the separation of proteins by the reversible interaction between the target protein and the ligand of. The interaction can be biospecific, for example antibodies binding to protein A, or non-biospecific, for example histidine-tagged proteins binding to metal ions.

This chromatography technique provides high selectivity, resolution, and capacity. High purity is often achieved in a single step. Feeds with low target expression can be purified using WorkBeads affimAb, provided that the loading exceeds 50% of the resin's dynamic binding capacity (DBC) to ensure optimal recovery. Elution is performed at a lower pH, yielding a purified and concentrated antibody. The pH should then be neutralized to avoid affecting the antibody's bioactivity. For more detailed description of affinity chromatography technique please see instructions, IN 40 605 010 or IN 45 605 010.

High alkali stability

The alkali stability of WorkBeads affimAb has been tested by dynamic binding capacity after multiple cleaning-inplace (CIP) cycles, Figure 1.

Each CIP cycle includes equilibration in PBS, pH 7.4, then 0.5 M NaOH at 15 minutes contact time, wash with PBS, pH 7.4 followed by a wash with 100 mM glycine-HCl, pH 2.7. The DBC was determined at every 20th CIP cycle, at 10% breakthrough by frontal analysis at 2.4 minutes residence time in a 6.6 × 100 mm glass column using a solution of 1 mg/mL polyclonal IgG in the presence of PBS, pH 7.4.

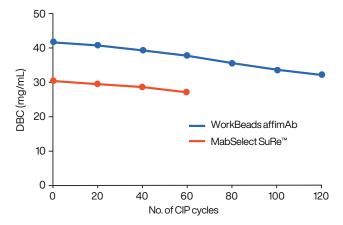


Figure 1. DBC for polyclonal human IgG on WorkBeads affimAb (blue) and MabSelect SuRe (Cytiva) (red) determined by frontal analysis at 2.4 minutes residence time after 120 resp. 60 CIP cycles with 0.5 M NaOH at 15 minutes contact time.

High dynamic binding capacity

The optimized density of the alkali-stable protein A ligand immobilized on the matrix allows high dynamic binding capacity for antibodies also at short residence times. WorkBeads affimAb has a dynamic binding capacity of typically more than 40 mg IgG/mL resin under standard binding conditions (PBS, pH 7.4 and 2.4 minutes residence time), see Figure 2. The dynamic binding capacity is essentially the same at 4.8 and 6 minutes residence times, and most binding capacity is utilized at 4 minutes residence time. This indicates a static binding capacity of 50 mg IgG/mL resin.

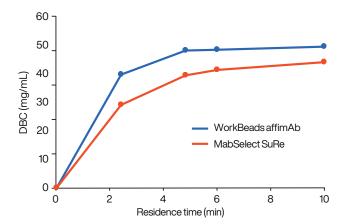


Figure 2. Dependency of dynamic binding capacity on residence time. Frontal analysis using 1 mg/mL human polyclonal IgG in PBS, pH 7.4 was performed in 6.6×100 mm packed bed.

GoBio Mini affimAb is prepacked with WorkBeads affimAb resin. The prepacked columns are designed for small-scale purification and condition screening during process development. The DBC was determined at 10% breakthrough ($Q_{B10\%}$) by frontal analysis with 1 mg/mL human polyclonal IgG in PBS, pH 7.4 at different residence time for GoBio Mini affimAb 1 m (1, 2.4 and 4 minutes). A comparison with GoBio Mini affimAb 5 mL and WorkBeads affimAb packed in a column with 100 mm bed height at 2.4 minutes residence time is shown in Figure 3. Notice that the dynamic binding capacity of GoBio Mini columns is slightly lower. This is expected for this type of column dimensions. GoBio Mini is during process development best used for initial estimation of residence time/dynamic binding capacity. For more accurate determinations a longer bed height, e.g., 100 mm is recommended.

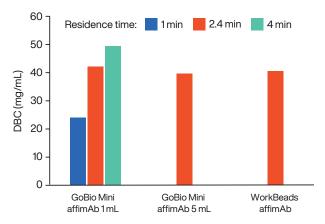


Figure 3. Dependency of dynamic binding capacity on residence time. Frontal analysis using 1 mg/mL human polyclonal IgG in PBS, pH 7.4 was performed in GoBio Mini affimAb 1 mL (28 mm bed height), GoBio Mini affimAb 5 mL (38 mm bed height) and WorkBeads affimAb in a 6.6 × 100 mm packed bed (100 mm bed height).

Particle size distribution

WorkBeads resin is manufactured with a narrow particle size distribution, exemplified in Figure 4. The optimized rigidity of the base matrix results in low backpressure even at higher flow rates, while the narrow particle size distribution of the resin allows for packed columns with higher efficiency.

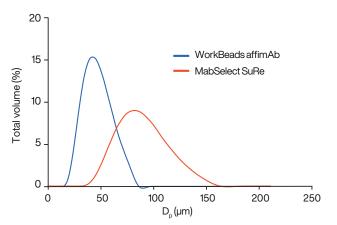


Figure 4. Particle size distribution comparison of WorkBeads affimAb (blue) and MabSelect SuRe (red).

Resin rigidity

WorkBeads affimAb is designed for process-scale purification of monoclonal antibodies. Pressure-flow properties for the base matrix is shown in Figure 5. The measurements were carried out with an open bed (adaptor not pushed against the bed). The high rigidity of the agarose beads allows for increased flow rates and increased process economy.

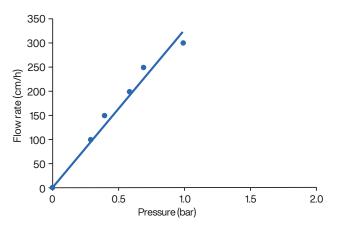


Figure 5. Pressure-flow data on WorkBeads base matrix in water obtained in a 25 × 200 mm open bed glass column. The pressure over the bed at low flow rates is often too low to detect.

Purification of monoclonal antibodies

Figure 6 presents a comparison of purity results for a monoclonal antibody expressed in Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells purified on WorkBeads affimAb and MabSelect SuRe. Purity analysis presented in Figure 6B, includes results from a corresponding purification run on MabSelect SuRe made under identical conditions.

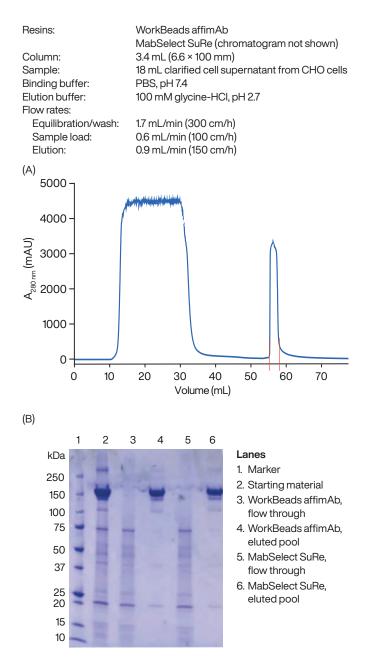


Figure 6. (A) Purification of a monoclonal IgG from CHO cells using WorkBeads affimAb. The blue line corresponds to the absorbance at 280 nm. (B) Analysis of the purified mAb by SDS-PAGE, non-reduced conditions. Comparison of mAb purified by identical method on WorkBeads affimAb and MabSelect SuRe resins.

Low protein A leakage

WorkBeads affimAb is designed to have low leakage of the immobilized protein A ligand. The protein A leakage is similar to other protein A resins on the market. A series of 50 purification runs at laboratory scale applying CHO cell supernatant on WorkBeads affimAb was performed. Each run was followed by a CIP using 0.5 M NaOH and 10 minutes contact time. The elution profile from different cycles is shown in Figure 7. Fractions from the eluted sample were analysed by enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) using Protein A ELISA kit (#9333-1, Repligen). Levels of ligand leakage were determined using ligandspecific derived standard curves, i.e. WorkBeads affimAb ligand and MabSelect SuRe ligand used as separate standards. The ligand leakage is shown in Table 3.

	sin: lumn: nple loa	d:	1.7 m 18 m	kBeads at L (6.6 × 5 L clarifiec) cells (100	0 mm) I cell supe	ernatanti	from
Binding/wash buffer: Elution buffer: CIP:		PBS, pH 7.4 (300 cm/h) 100 mM glycine-HCl, pH 2.7 (150 cm/h) 0.5 M NaOH (100 cm/h) 10 min contact time in each cycle					
	ر 5000 _–	-					
A _{280 m} (mAU)	4000 - 3000 -	Cy Cy Cy Cy	vcle 2 vcle 10 vcle 20 vcle 30 vcle 40 vcle 49		Am		
A _{280 m}	2000 -					N.	
•	1000 -						

Figure 7. Elution profiles from purifications on WorkBeads affimAb after repeated CIP cycles.

46

Volume (mL)

44

40

42

48

50

 Table 3. Protein A ligand leakage levels in eluates analysed by ELISA for

 WorkBeads affimAb and MabSelect SuRe.

Purification -	Leakage of Protein A ligand (ppm*)			
cycle	WorkBeads affimAb	MabSelect SuRe		
6	13.0	2.1		
9	10.7	2.2		
13	13.3	4.2		
23	9.3	7.7		
36	7.5	3.8		
43	9.5	3.8		
49	8.3	3.3		

* ppm is measured in ng leached protein A ligand per mg of eluted lgG. The level of leakage ligand is dependent on the experimental set up as well as the sample used. All levels are below the expected level of 20 ppm of protein A ligand leakage.

Effective reduction of HCP and HCD

The design of WorkBeads affimAb gives higher purity of the eluted mAb, with reduced amounts of both host cell proteins (HCP) and host cell DNA (HCD) in the eluate.

HCP in eluates from the series of laboratory scale purifications on WorkBeads affimAb and MabSelect SuRe were analysed using a CHO HCP ELISA kit (#F550, Cygnus Technologies), shown in Figure 9. HCD in the eluates were analysed using Quant-iT[™] PicoGreen[™] dsDNA Assay Kit (#P7589, ThermoFisher), shown in Figure 10.

Removing impurities from the host cell, such as HCP and HCD, is a key quality attribute during downstream process purification of monoclonal antibodies. WorkBeads affimAb shows low levels of both HCP (Fig. 9) and HCD (Fig. 10) compared with MabSelect SuRe. The low levels of impurities are also maintained over the 50 purification cycles.

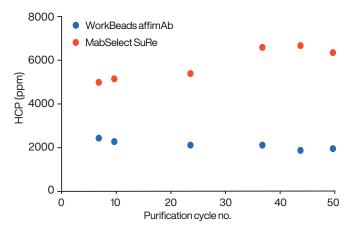


Figure 9. HCP levels in eluates analysed by ELISA for WorkBeads affimAb (blue) and MabSelect SuRe (red).

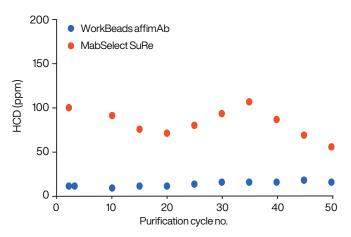


Figure 10. HCD levels in eluates analysed by Quant-IT PicoGreen dsDNA Assay Kit for WorkBeads affimAb (blue) and MabSelect SuRe (red).

Increased lifetime of protein A resin

Purification of antibodies or F_c-fusion proteins from mammalian host cells, such as CHO, results in extensive bioburden on the protein A resin. Chromatins, together with host cell proteins in general, cause damage to the protein A resin. Regular cleaning-in-place (CIP) is mandatory in the purification process, but accumulative fouling of the column will still occur. Maximized lifetime of the protein A resin is thus an important requirement during the purification process development.

Introducing WorkBeads 40 TREN upstream of the protein A resin, as a guard column, is a new important tool during process purification of monoclonal antibodies. Clarified cell extract is passed through the guard column to remove a majority of impurities such as host cell DNA, host cell proteins, and if bacterial host cells are used, endotoxins. Early removal of these impurities eliminates bioburden on the protein A resin and extends its lifetime. Reduction of impurities early in the purification process further enhances the final purity of the product.

The impurities in the sample feed applied onto the protein A resin can be reduced by using WorkBeads 40 TREN, as a guard column. Reduction of up to 99% of host cell DNA and 95% of host cell protein impurities from the sample feed has been shown. For more information about protection of protein A resin, see application note AN 40 603 001.

Process optimization

The primary aim of process method optimization is to find the most suitable binding and elution conditions for best purity and yield, and to minimize denaturation or aggregation of the antibody. The binding affinity for IgG to protein A varies depending on what species the IgG originates from and which subclass it belongs to. There is also differences between individual IgG species. For the best results, loading 50-80% of the resin's dynamic binding capacity (DBC) generally maximizes yield.

Typical binding conditions are low salt concentration buffers at neutral pH. For efficient capture of weakly bound antibodies, it is sometimes necessary to increase the pH and/or salt concentration in the binding buffer. This is for example common for mouse IgG1. Elution is normally performed at reduced pH, down to pH 2.7 but this depends on species and subclass. To avoid denaturation of the IgG the elution should not be performed at lower pH than required for desorption. For biopharmaceutical production one or two polishing purification steps based on, e.g., ion exchange chromatography, are often added to the process in order to remove aggregates, traces of leached protein A and impurities from the feed. After optimizing the eluent composition, the process is scaled up by keeping the linear flow rate and sample-to-bed volume ratio constant and only increasing the column diameter. If the column bed height needs to be increased the set residence time should be kept the same, which means that the linear flow rate can be increased correspondingly.

Cleaning-in-place

During purification, impurities such as cell debris, lipids, nucleic acids and protein precipitates from the samples, gradually build up in the resin. The extent of this process depends on the type of sample applied to the column, and the pre-treatment of the sample. The impurities may reduce the performance of the column over time.

Regular cleaning (CIP) removes impurities and prolongs the lifetime of the column. CIP of WorkBeads affimAb can be done using NaOH of concentrations of up to 0.5 M during 15 minutes or more.

Storage

Store WorkBeads affimAb and GoBio prepacked columns at 2 to 8° C in 20% ethanol.

For prolonged storage of the prepacked GoBio Screen and GoBio Prep columns connect the included transport syringe filled with storage solution to the bottom end of the column.

Related products

Product name	Pack size ¹	Article number
Prepacked columns		
GoBio Mini S1mL	1mL × 5	45 2001 001
GoBio Mini S 5 mL	5 mL × 5	45 200 107
GoBio Mini Q1mL	1mL × 5	45 100 101
GoBio Mini Q 5 mL	5 mL × 5	45 100 107
GoBio Mini TREN 1 mL	1mL×5	45 655 213
GoBio Mini TREN 5 mL	5 mL × 5	45 655 217
GoBio Mini Dsalt 5 mL	5 mL × 5	45 360 107
GoBio Screen 7x100 40S	3.8 mL × 1	55 420 001
GoBio Screen 7x100 40Q	3.8 mL × 1	55 410 001
GoBio Screen 7x100 40 TREN	3.8 mL × 1	55 463 001
GoBio Prep 16x100 40S	20 mL × 1	55 420 021
GoBio Prep 16x100 40Q	20 mL × 1	55 410 021
GoBio Prep 16x100 40 TREN	20 mL × 1	55 463 021
GoBio Prep 16x100 Dsalt ²	20 mL × 1	55 700 021
GoBio Prep 26x100 40S	53 mL × 1	55 420 031
GoBio Prep 26x100 40Q	53 mL × 1	55 410 031
GoBio Prep 26x100 40 TREN ²	53 mL × 1	55 463 031
GoBio Prep 26x100 Dsalt	53 mL × 1	55 700 031
Bulk resins		
WorkBeads 40S	25 mL	40 200 001
WorkBeads 40Q	25 mL	40 100 001
WorkBeads 40 TREN	25 mL 150 mL	40 603 001 40 603 003

¹ Other pack sizes can be found in the complete product list on <u>www.bio- works.com</u> 2 Packed on request.

Ordering information

Product name	Pack size	Article number			
Prepacked column					
GoBio Mini affimAb 1 mL	1 mL × 1 1 mL × 5 1 mL × 10	45 800 101 45 800 103 45 800 104			
GoBio Mini affimAb 5 mL	5 mL × 1 5 mL × 5 5 mL × 10	45 800 105 45 800 107 45 800 108			
GoBio Screen 7x100 affimAb ¹	3.8 mL × 1	55 800 001			
GoBio Prep 16x100 affimAb ¹	20 mL × 1	55 800 021			
GoBio Prep 26x100 affimAb ¹	53 mL × 1	55 800 031			
GoBio Prod 80x200 affimAb ¹	1L×1	55 800 042			
GoBio Prod 130x200 affimAb ¹	2.7 L × 1	55 800 062			
GoBio Prod 200x200 affimAb ¹	6L×1	55 800 072			
GoBio Prod 280x200 affimAb ¹	9L×1	55 800 082			
GoBio Prod 330x250 affimAb ¹	21.4 L × 1	55 800 093			
Bulk resin					
WorkBeads affimAb	25 mL 200 mL 1 L 5 L 10 L	40 800 001 40 800 002 40 800 010 40 800 050 40 800 060			
¹ Packed on request					

Orders: sales@bio-works.com or contact your local distributor.

For more information about local distributor and products visit www.bio-works.com or contact us at info@bio-works.com

bio-works.com

Bio-Works, WorkBeads and GoBio are trademarks of Bio-Works Technologies. MabSelect SuRe is a trademark of Cytiva. PicoGreen and Quant-iT are trademarks of Molecular Probes Inc. All third-party trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

© Bio-Works.

All goods and services are sold subject to Bio-Works terms and conditions of sale. $Contact \ your \ local \ Bio-Works \ representative \ for \ the \ most \ current \ information.$ Bio-Works, Virdings allé 18, 754 50 Uppsala, Sweden. For local office contact information, visit bio-works.com/contact.

DS 40 800 010 BD

